

Senior Java + React Fullstack Developer

Active

Engineering

Deep Technical Screen

Created 4/2/2026

Interview Link

<http://localhost:3000/interview/BxoIWQk9Qr4QofVO>



Duration

30 min



Language

Slovak



Recording

Enabled



Interviews

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Job Description

Job Description

We are looking for a highly skilled Senior Fullstack Developer with strong experience in Java (Spring

Boot) and React (Next.js) to join our growing engineering team.

You will be responsible for designing, developing, and maintaining scalable web applications, collaborating closely with product managers, designers, and other engineers to deliver high-quality solutions.

Key Responsibilities

Develop and maintain backend services using Java (Spring Boot)

Build responsive frontend applications using React.js and Next.js

Design and implement RESTful APIs and microservices

Optimize application performance and scalability

Collaborate with cross-functional teams to define and deliver features

Write clean, maintainable, and well-tested code

Participate in code reviews and architectural decisions

Requirements

4+ years of experience in fullstack development

Strong proficiency in Java and Spring Boot

Strong experience with React.js and modern JavaScript (ES6+)

Experience with Next.js is a strong advantage

Familiarity with REST APIs, microservices architecture

Experience with databases (MongoDB, PostgreSQL, or similar)

Understanding of CI/CD pipelines and cloud platforms

Strong problem-solving and communication skills

Normalized Role Brief (used by AI)

We're hiring a Senior Frontend Engineer to lead our React/TypeScript codebase, mentor junior developers, and drive performance optimization. The ideal candidate has 5+ years of experience building complex SPAs and strong opinions on component architecture.

Skills

Required

React.js

JavaScript (ES6+)

REST APIs

Git

Preferred

Next.js

TypeScript

Docker

Kubernetes

MongoDB

AWS / GCP

Microservices architecture

🎯 Must-Have Competencies

System Design Thinking

Advanced

Can break down complex UI requirements into component hierarchies and data flow patterns

Technical Leadership Intermediate

Can mentor junior developers, conduct code reviews, and drive architectural decisions

Knockout Criteria

Framework Familiarity

Must know React specifically

Fail if: Candidate has never worked with React or similar component-based frameworks

Availability

This is urgent hiring where candidates must be available within a month

Fail if: Candidate cannot start within the 4 weeks

Minimum Java Experience

Role requires substantial Java experience

Fail if: Candidate has less than 5 years of professional Java development experience

Custom Interview Questions

Q1. Can you explain design pattern called Dependecny Injection?

Q2. What is your experience with Microservices SAGA Design Pattern?

Q3. Describe challenging technical issue and how did you solve it?

Question Blueprints

B1. What are the main differences between Spring Boot and traditional Spring?

👁 6 topics

🗨 6 follow-ups

👁 Knowledge Areas

Spring Boot's opinionated defaults compared to traditional Spring

Configuration differences between Spring Boot and traditional Spring

Spring Boot's embedded server capabilities

Dependency management in Spring Boot vs traditional Spring

Spring Boot's Actuator and monitoring features

Auto-configuration

🗨 Pre-Written Follow-Ups

1. Can you explain how Spring Boot's opinionated defaults simplify the setup process compared to traditional Spring?

Spring Boot's opinionated defaults compared to traditional Spring

2. What are the key differences in configuration approaches between Spring Boot and traditional Spring?

Configuration differences between Spring Boot and traditional Spring

3. How does Spring Boot's embedded server feature change the deployment process compared to traditional Spring applications?

Spring Boot's embedded server capabilities

4. Can you discuss the differences in how dependency management is handled in Spring Boot compared to traditional Spring?

Dependency management in Spring Boot vs traditional Spring

5. What role does Spring Boot's Actuator play in application monitoring compared to traditional Spring applications?

Spring Boot's Actuator and monitoring features

6. Can you tell me more about your experience with Auto-configuration?

Auto-configuration

✅ Strong Indicators

- + Clearly articulates the benefits of opinionated defaults in Spring Boot
- + Provides specific examples of configuration differences and their implications
- + Explains deployment advantages of embedded servers in Spring Boot
- + Describes how dependency management is streamlined in Spring Boot
- + Discusses monitoring capabilities offered by Spring Boot Actuator in detail

⚠ Weak Indicators

- Lists differences without explanation or context
- Fails to identify key configuration distinctions or their relevance
- Overlooks embedded server features entirely
- Does not differentiate between dependency management practices
- Ignores the role of monitoring features in application maintenance

B2. What is the volatile keyword? How and why would you use it?

👁 5 topics

🗨 5 follow-ups

🕒 Knowledge Areas

Definition of the volatile keyword

Use cases for the volatile keyword

Implications of using volatile (e.g., visibility guarantees)

Differences between volatile and other concurrency controls (e.g., synchronized)

Impact on performance when using volatile

📄 Pre-Written Follow-Ups

1. Can you explain in your own words what the volatile keyword means and why it is important in concurrency?

Definition of the volatile keyword

2. What are some specific scenarios where you would choose to use the volatile keyword over other synchronization mechanisms?

Use cases for the volatile keyword

3. How does using the volatile keyword affect the visibility of variables in a multi-threaded environment?

Implications of using volatile (e.g., visibility guarantees)

4. Can you compare the volatile keyword with synchronized blocks and other concurrency controls in Java?

Differences between volatile and other concurrency controls (e.g., synchronized)

5. What are the potential performance implications of using the volatile keyword in a Java application?

Impact on performance when using volatile

✅ Strong Indicators

- + Provides a clear definition of the volatile keyword
- + Identifies appropriate scenarios for utilizing volatile in Java applications
- + Explains visibility guarantees provided by the volatile keyword
- + Makes clear comparisons with synchronized and other concurrency mechanisms
- + Discusses performance considerations confidently

⚠️ Weak Indicators













- Gives an unclear or incorrect definition of volatile
- Fails to provide relevant use cases or examples
- Neglects to explain visibility implications
- Confuses volatile with other concurrency controls without clear distinctions
- Does not address performance impacts at all or incorrectly states them

👁️ AI System Prompt Preview

What the AI sees



Interviews

Candidate ↑↓	Score ↑↓	Recommendation ↑↓	Status ↑↓	Date ↑↓
 Marcel Mrkvička marcel@mailinator.com	72/100			4/2/2026
 anrej miskovy andrej@mailinator.com	61/100			4/2/2026
 misko maly misko@mailinator.com	48/100			4/3/2026
 Ivan Vlcek pras3xer@gmail.com	7/100			4/8/2026